

Analytic aperture model

$$A_\nu(E) = A_0 \zeta \frac{(n_r^2 - 1)}{8n_r} \frac{L_\gamma}{L_\nu} f_0^3 \Delta_0 (\psi_{\text{ds}} + \psi_{\text{dr}} + \psi_{\text{u}})$$

$$\psi_{\text{ds}} = f_0 \Delta_0 \quad \psi_{\text{dr}} = 0.96 \sigma_0 \quad \psi_{\text{u}} = 5.3 \alpha_0$$

$$A_{\text{CR}}(E) = A_0 \zeta \frac{\sqrt{n_r^2 - 1}}{12} f_0^3 \Delta_0 (\psi_{\text{ds}} + \psi_{\text{dr}})$$

$$\psi_{\text{ds}} = \Delta_0^2 \quad \psi_{\text{dr}} = \frac{3}{4} \frac{\sigma_0^2}{f_0^2}$$

Gayley et al., ApJ, 706, 1556 (2009)

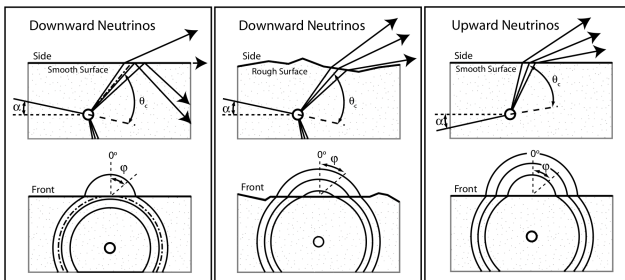
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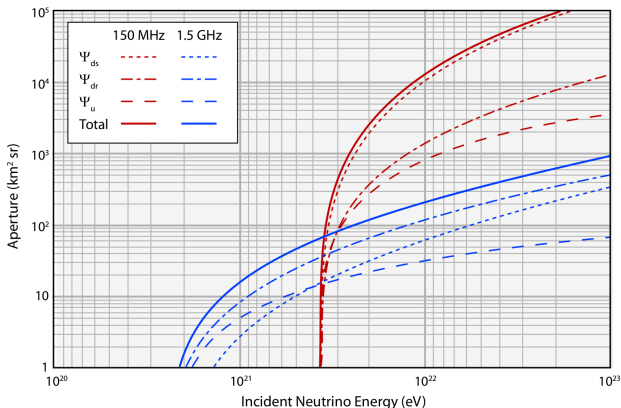
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Comparison with Monte Carlo

