

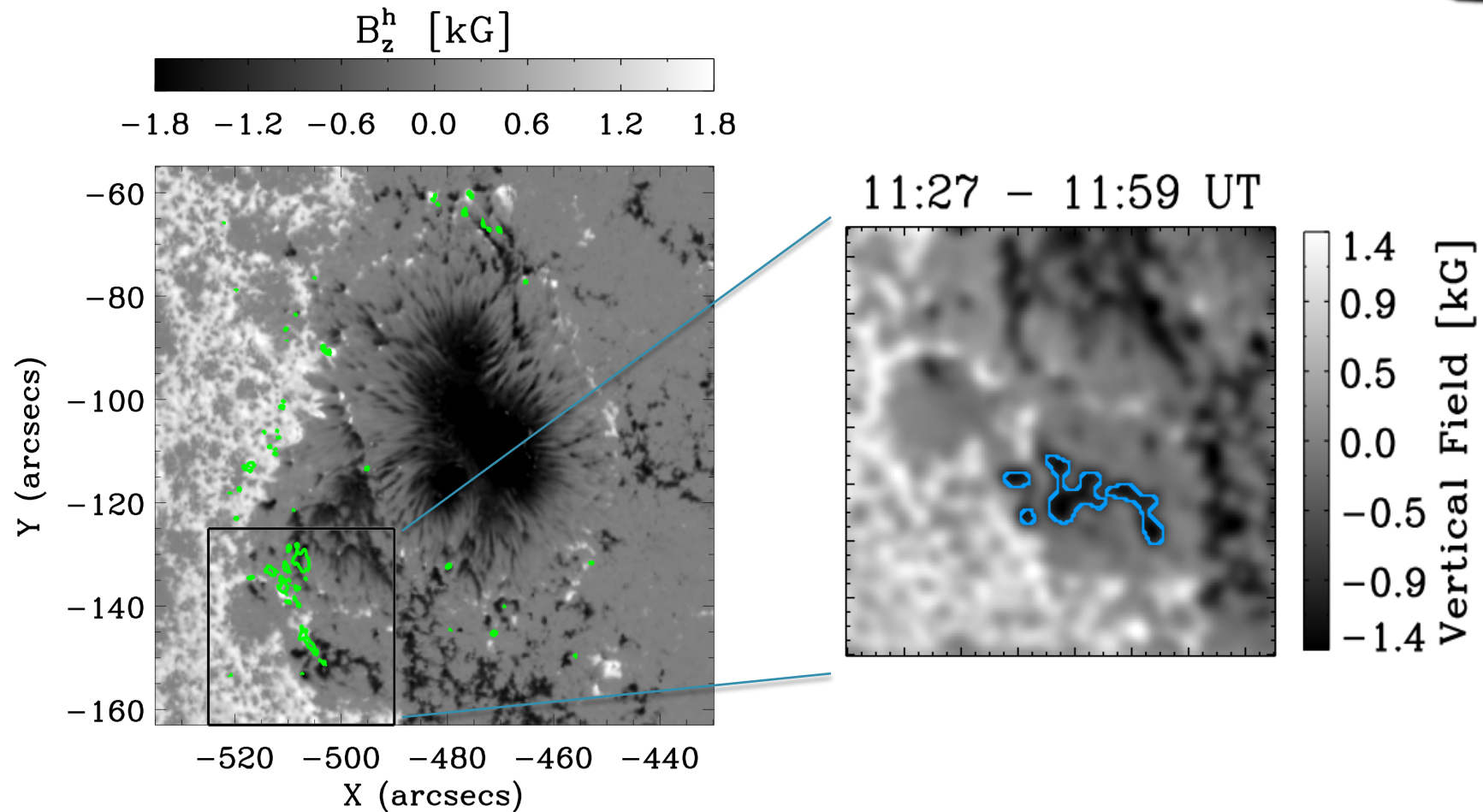
Sunspot Magnetic Geometry and Energy Changes associated with a Solar Flare.

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Hinode Vector Magnetograms



- Previous work on this region found pre- and post-flare changes in photospheric vector magnetic field parameters in flux elements surrounding the primary sunspot [Murray et al, Sol. Phys., 2012]

3D Extrapolations

- $\nabla_x \mathbf{B} = \alpha \mathbf{B}$

- Potential:

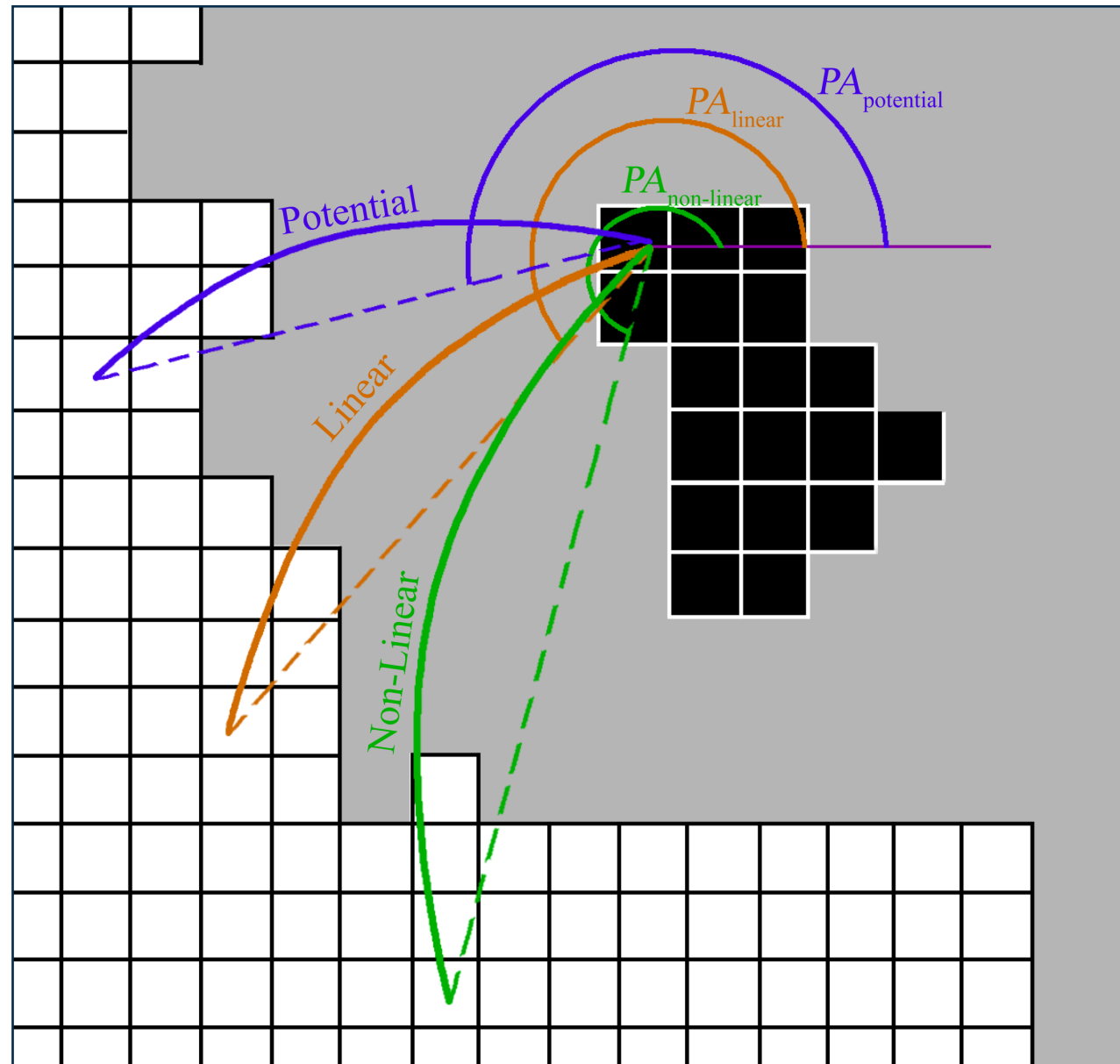
$$\alpha = 0$$

- Linear:

$$\alpha = \text{constant}$$

- Non-Linear:

$$\alpha = \alpha(x,y,z)$$

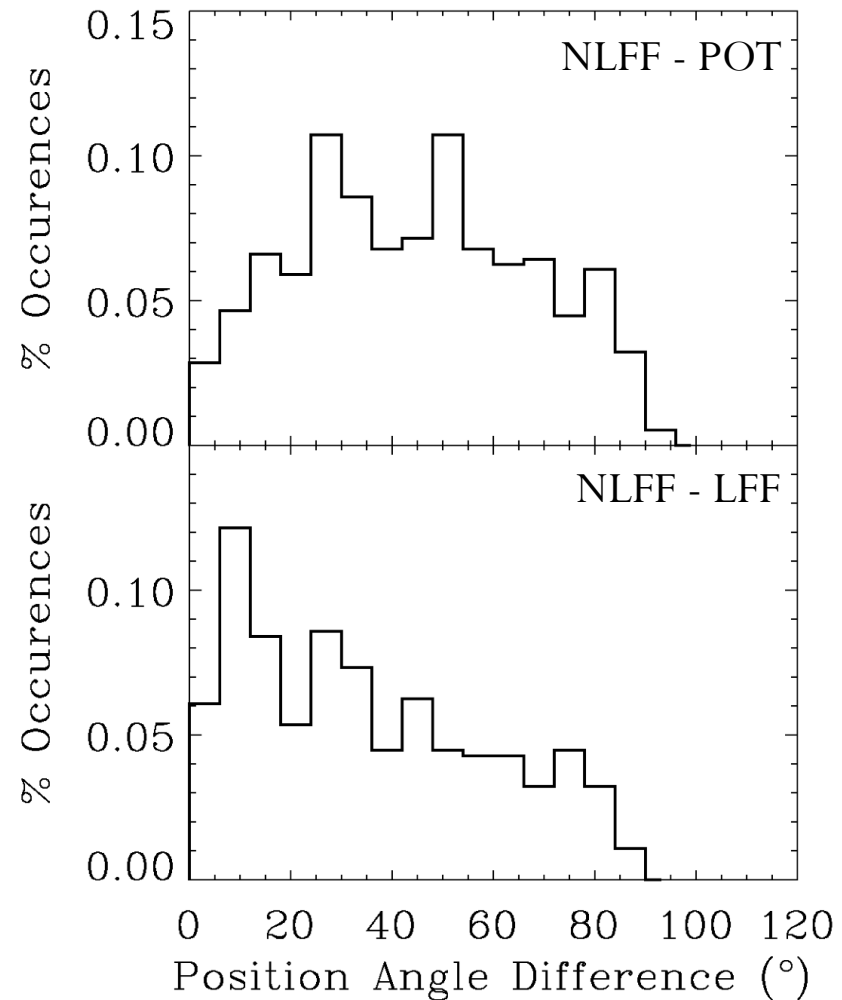
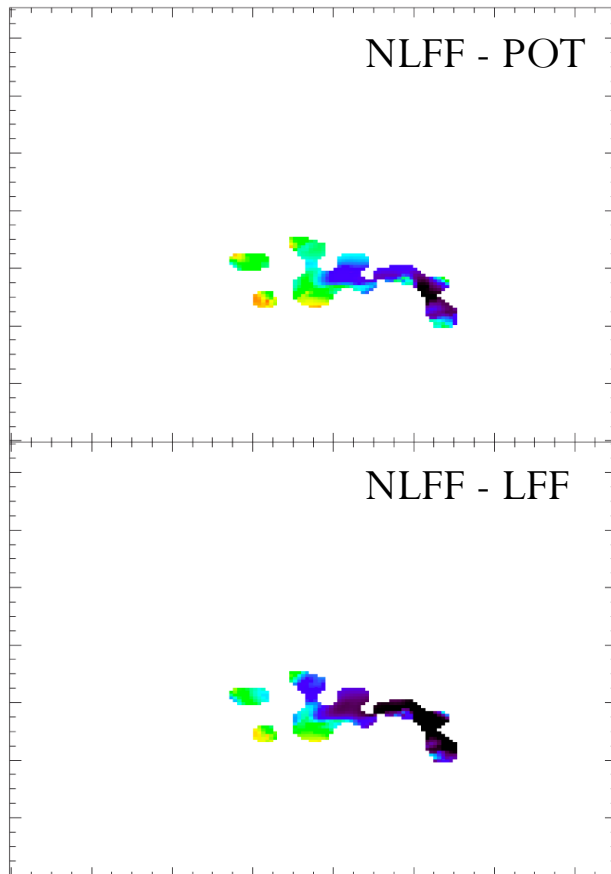
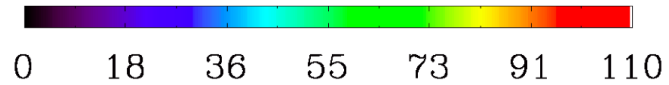


Wiegelmann (2004)

Footpoint Position Angle



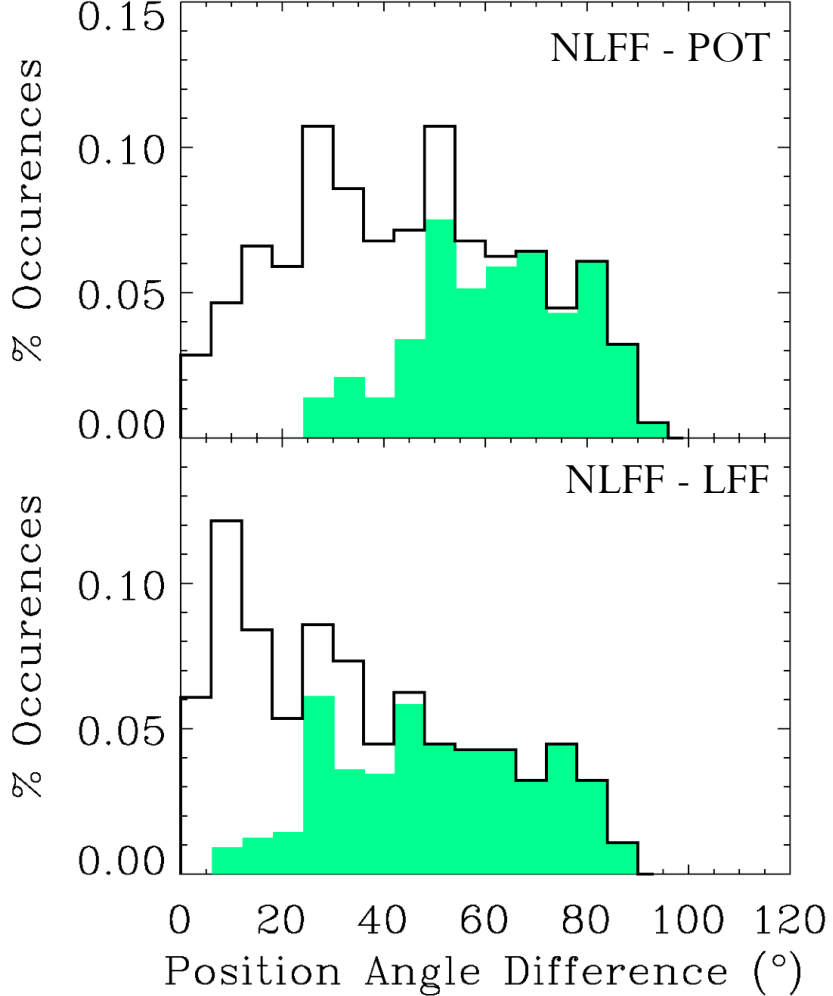
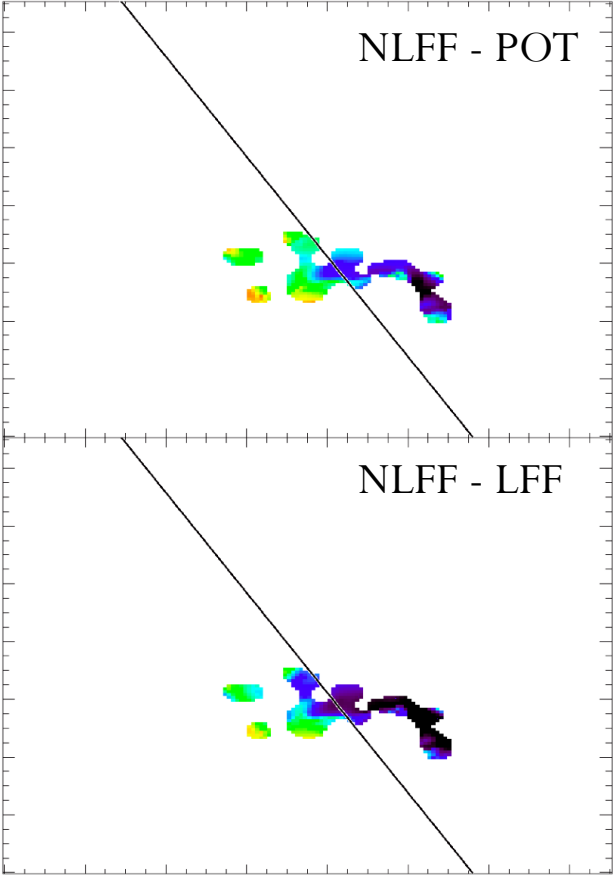
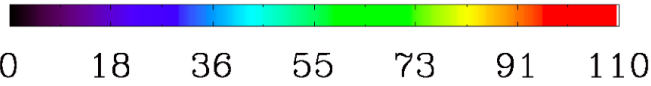
Position Angle Difference ($^{\circ}$)



Footpoint Position Angle

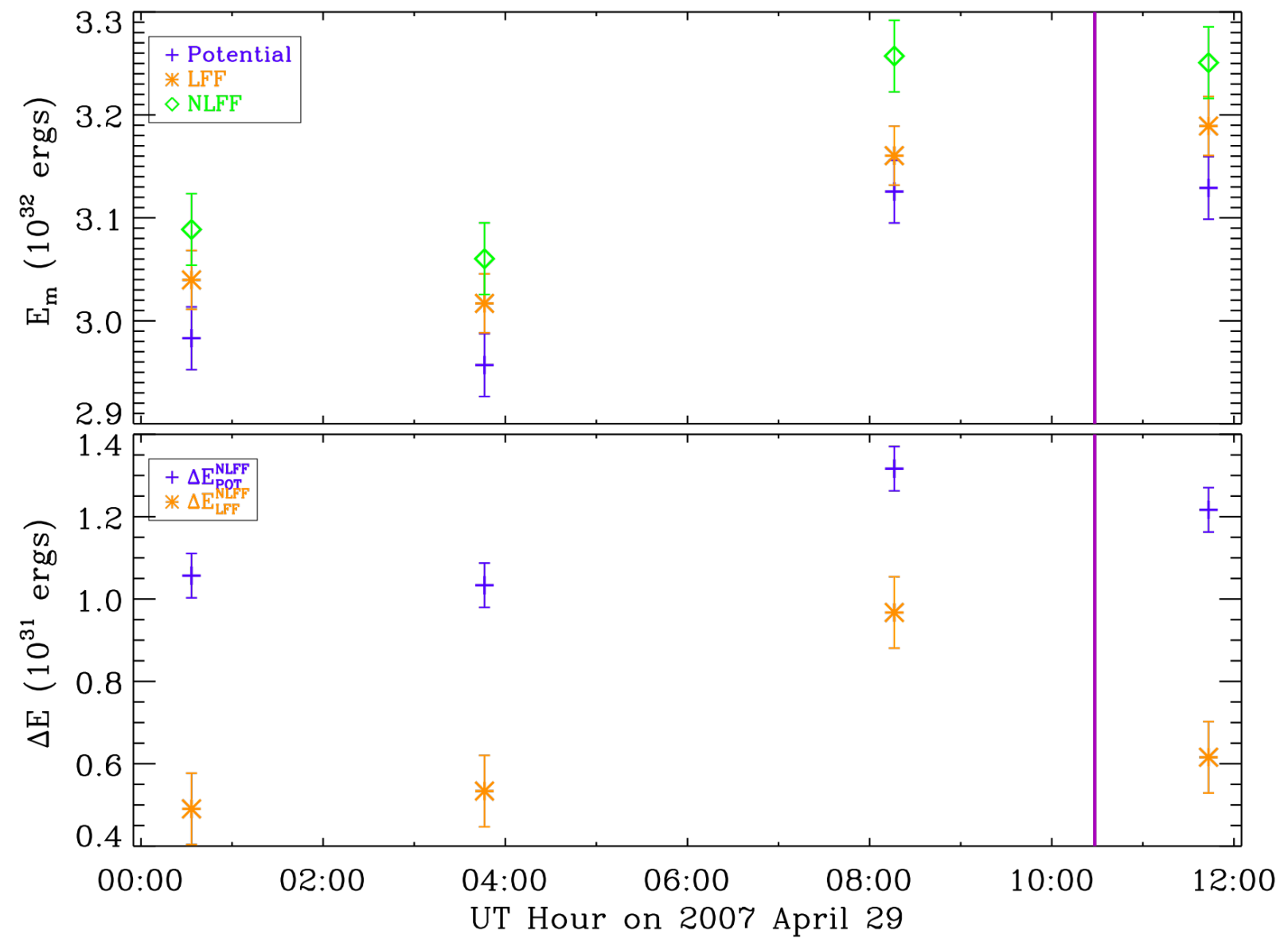


Position Angle Difference ($^{\circ}$)



Free Energy

$$E_m = \int_V \frac{B^2}{8\pi} dV$$



Summary



- Expected difference in traced loops for all three extrapolation types (e.g. NLFF field more twisted due to non-uniform electric currents).
- E_m and ΔE_m values increase $\sim 6.5 - 2.5$ hours before the flare.
- Magnetic energy values do not completely return to pre-flare 'quiet' values, suggesting the field has not completely relaxed.
 - More flaring possible (another B-class flare 3 hours later).

